



#### A Pragmatic Approach to Harmonizing *in vitro* Diagnostic (IVD) Laboratory Data:

#### Semantic Interoperability Consensus Standard Development, Adoption and Implementation

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## **SHIELD Mission**



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(Systemic Harmonization & Interoperability Enhancement for Lab Data)

SHIELD supports efforts to harmonize and harness *in vitro* diagnostic (IVD) data sources to:

- support regulatory decisions and sponsor actions throughout the Total Product Life Cycle (TPLC),
- reduce burdens to the healthcare ecosystem and
- promote development of innovative solutions to public health challenges.

#### **SHIELD Stakeholders:**

FDA (CDRH, CDER, CBER), CDC, NIH, ONC, CMS, IVD Manufacturers, EHR Vendors, Laboratories, Standards Developers, Academia

# Efforts Driving SHIELD Development

- FDA
- Final Guidances: *RWE*, *Interoperability*, *NGS Database*
- Draft of HL7/FHIR implementation guide

2017

- Engage Lab US Realm
- Submit PCORTF grants

• FDA/CDC/NLM Lab Data Interoperability Wkshp

- Whitepaper for Harmonization of lab data
- Recognized Standards: LOINC, SNOMED-CT
- Draft of LIVD



- Draft Guidances: RWE, Interoperability, NGS Database
- FDA/CDC/NLM/ONC/CMS Lab Data Interoperability Wkshp
- LIVD Launch
- UDI for Class II Devices

2016

#### 2014

• Assembly of multi-stakeholder consensus forum for lab data semantic interoperability

• UDI for Class III devices

2013

FDA engaged CDISC to advocate for LOINC inclusion in IVDs device

CDISC: Clinical Data Interchange Standards Consortium LOINC: Logical Observations Identifiers Names and Codes SNOMED: Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine-Clin Terms LIVD: IVD Structured Data Format CDC: Centers for Disease Control NLM: Nat'l Library of Medicine ONC: Office of the Nat'l Coordinator CMS: Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services NGS: Next Generation Sequencing HL7: Health-Level 7 FHIR: Fast Healthcare Interchange Resource 3 PCORTF: Patient-Centered Outcome Research Trust Fund

# Semantic Interoperability Importance

#### 1. Laboratory consistency:

- Decision support/knowledge generation
- Public health reporting
- Real-time epidemiology (including outbreaks)
- Laboratory cost savings
- Signal detection

#### 2. Adverse events:

• Reduction in coding errors

#### 3. FDA:

- Post-market information (w/ Unique Device Identifiers (UDI))
- Earlier IVD clearance

#### 4. Other ...

# Semantic Interoperability Importance



#### **Significant Laboratory Cost Savings**

		Estimated 10 providers per group practice			Estimated 20 providers per group practice		
ACLA		Initial	Annual	Cost for first 5	Initial	Annual	Cost for first 5
		Development	Maintenance	years	Development	Maintenance	years
American Clinical Laboratory	Current						
	manual						
	Process	\$3,226,083,120	\$322,608,312	\$4,516,516,368	\$1,613,041,560	\$161,304,156	\$2,258,258,184
	With						
Association	eDOS	\$806,520,780	\$80,652,078	\$1,129,129,092	\$403,260,390	\$40,326,039	\$564,564,546

https://www.acla.com/acla-shares-edos-cost-saving-estimate-with-office-of-the-national-coordinator-for-health-it/

#### **Reduction in Adverse Events**

Device:Immunoassay System AnalyzerProblem:Low tropoinin test resultsAdverse Events:1 death; 120 patients mistreated

"false negative troponin... **120 patients were negatively impacted** ... results were sent to the LIS as ng/mL, but... the LIS was configured to report... units of ng/L... results... were reported out of the LIS labeled as ng/L; thus resulting in erroneously low patient results."

# **Finding Utility from RWD/RWE**



#### **KEY: Coordination/Harmonization (Interoperability)**

FDA





Fit-forpurpose data & analytics

Externally validated findings

#### 'Fit for Purpose'

st be complete, consistent, and contain all critical data its needed to evaluate a al device and its claims.

teroperability)

#### **Perspective on IVDs**



 In vitro diagnostics (IVDs) products are... intended for use in diagnosis of disease or other conditions... [<u>21 CFR 809.3</u>]

Fundamentally, IVDs ask a 'question' of a specimen taken from a human body.

• The result that follows is the 'answer' to that question.

#### **Some Nuances Unique to IVDs**



- Labs operate under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) regulations
- CMS oversees labs through the College of American Pathologists (CAP) lab accreditation program Labs regularly conduct proficiency testing of CAP panels and submit results to CAP (for most tests)
- Labs conform to Good Laboratory Practices (GLP; 21 CFR 58 & 42 CFR 493)
- Labs have to validate off-label use and Laboratory Developed Tests (LDTs)

### **SHIELD Infrastructure**



Function	Candidate Coding	Elements (partial list)	Transmission Format
Describe IVD device/method type Question	LOINC (Logical Observations Identifiers Names and Codes)	Component Property Time System Scale Method	Structured Data Format -LIVD
Describe IVD device/methodSNOMED-CT (or application of application)device/method(Systematized Note of Medicine – Cline)result AnswerUCUM (Unified Code for Measure)	SNOMED-CT (or appropriate alternative) (Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine – Clinical Terms)	Detected Not Detected Inconclusive Test Not Completed	Structured Data Format –LIVD II
	UCUM (Unified Code for Units of Measure)	Units of Measures (e.g. grams, etc.)	Structured Data Format –LIVD II
Unique Device Identification Who's asking?	UDI (FDA Unique Device Identification System)	Device Identifier Elements of UDI	Structured Data Format -LIVD

Associated data populated into Laboratory Information Systems (LISs) can be queried. Fast Healthcare Interchange Resource (FHIR) implementation guide is near completion.

# **Building Valuable Infrastructure**





Optimization

# **Ongoing SHIELD Efforts**



- 1. Developing tools for the application of semantic standards in structured data formats through:
  - step-by-step manual defining how to map LOINC to IVD devices
  - MDIC/Industry/Laboratory/Government Clinical IVD Semantic Interoperability Meeting – Value Sets (LIVD II)
- 2. FDA is developing regulatory guidance and inter-Office/Center infrastructure to determine how/when regulatory grade Real-World Evidence (RWE) can be leveraged in regulatory decisions.

#### **Involved Stakeholders:**

FDA (CDRH, CDER, CBER), CDC, NIH, ONC, CMS, IVD Manufacturers, EHR Vendors, Laboratories, CAP, Standards Developers, Academia

# **Building Valuable Infrastructure**



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#### IVD Test LOINC Code Harmonization

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		APHL		
y Test Result ording to PI)	LOINC Code (Vendor)	LOINCs used by labs (lab name)	APHL recommended LOINC	
Reactive onreactive	56888-1	56888-1 (L1, L2)	56888-1	
Reactive onreactive	57975-5 =HIV 1+O+2 Ab Fld Ql		48345-3	
Positive Negative			PLT599	

Manufacturer	Assay	(according to PI)	LOINC Code (Vendor)	(lab name)	recommended LOINC
M1	HIV Ag/Ab Combo	Reactive Nonreactive	56888-1	56888-1 (L1, L2)	56888-1
M1	HIV O Plus	Reactive Nonreactive	57975-5 =HIV 1+O+2 Ab Fld Ql		48345-3
M2	HIV-1 Western Blot (CLIA high complexity assay)	Positive Negative Indeterminate			PLT599
M3	HIV-1 RNA Qualitative Assay	Reactive Nonreactive Invalid	5018-7 = HIV1 RNA XXX QI PCR 5017-9 = HIV1 RNA BId QI PCR		25835-0
M4	HIV-1 DNA and RNA Qualitative Detection by PCR, Plasma			48023-6 =HIV 1 proviral DNA SerPl QI PCR (L1)	79379-4





#### IVD Test LOINC Code Harmonization







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M1	HIV Ag/Ab Combo	Reactive Nonreactive	56888-1	56888-1 (L1, L2)	56888-1
M1	HIV O Plus	Reac 57975-S Nonre A	5 =HIV 1+O+2 b Fld Ql		48345-3
M2	HIV-1 Western Blot (CLIA high complexity assay)	Positive Negative Indeter 5018-7	– ЦІ\/1 Р.N.А		PLT599
M3	HIV-1 RNA Qualitative Assay	Reac XXX Nonre Inva Bld	QI PCR = HIV1 RNA QI PCR		25835-0
M4	HIV-1 DNA and RNA Qualitative Detection by PCR, Plasma			48023-6 =HIV 1 proviral DNA SerPI QI PCR (L1)	79379-4

# IVD Infectious Diseases LOINC Mapping Manual



Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC®)



# Guide for Using LOINC Microbiology Terms

# IVD Infectious Diseases LOINC Mapping Manual



#### <u>Components\*:</u>

- Background/ Appendix
- Microscopic Examination
- Cultures
- Susceptibility Testing
- Resistance Testing
- Antigen Tests
- Nucleic Acid Tests
- Serology Testing

\*Includes but is not limited to.

#### Features\*:

- Mapping Examples
  - Examples in the manual
  - Link to externally populated
- How to deal with:
  - Qualitative/ Quantitative Assays
  - Multiplex Assays
- Mapping Validation

# **Building Valuable Infrastructure**



FDA



#### **IVD Industry Connectivity Consortium (IICC) Mission:**

- Modernize connectivity between laboratory IT systems and analyzers
- Enable clinical laboratories to achieve more and spend less

**Members:** Abbott Laboratories, A&T, Beckman Coulter, Beckton Dickinson, bioMérieux, Data Innovations, Hitachi, IZASA SA, Orchard Software, Ortho Clinical Diagnostics, Roche Diagnostics, Samsung, Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics, Sunquest Information Systems, and Systelab Technologies SA. 19

# Digital Format for LOINC to IVD (LIVD)

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			-	1

Column Header	Comments
Publication Version ID	
Manufacturer	Sortable column could be used if spreadsheet form multiple manufacturers are combined into one
Model	
Equipment UID	Leave empty if no universal ID
Equipment UID Type	
Vendor Analyte Code	
Vendor Analyte Name	
Vendor Specimen Description	
Vendor Result Description	
Vendor Reference ID	Leave empty if no additional vendor reference
Vendor Comment	Leave empty if no vendor comment
LOINC Code	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
LOINC Long Name	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
Component	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
Property	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
Time	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
System	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
Scale	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping
Method	Leave empty if no LOINC mapping

#### HL7 is creating a Data Analysis Model (DAM) for LIVD 20

# **LIVD Contributors**



#### Authors

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#### Participating Organizations

Abbott Laboratories Advanced Medical Technology Association (AdvaMed) Association of Public Health Laboratories (APHL) BD Life Sciences bioMerieux Cerner Corporation Epic Geisinger Health Systems HL7 Orders and Observations Working Group IHE Pathology and Laboratory Medicine (PaLM) Technical Committee	<ul> <li>IVD Industry Connectivity Consortium (IICC)</li> <li>Medical Device Innovation Consortium (MDIC)</li> <li>National Laboratory of Medicine</li> <li>Orchard Software</li> <li>Phast</li> <li>Regenstrief Center for Biomedical Informatics</li> <li>Roche Diagnostics International, Ltd</li> <li>Swiss Laboratory Interoperability Interest Group (Joint Venture of FAMH.ch, IHE-Suisse.ch, HL7.ch, SULM.ch)</li> <li>U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)</li> <li>U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)</li> </ul>
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# **LIVD Contributors**



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# FDA Perspective on LOINC for IVDs



- 1. Any similar coding system for characterizing IVDs (e.g., LOINC) is voluntary and will <u>not be required or reviewed</u> by FDA *(distinct from the required FDA-accredited UDI system\*)*
- 2. FDA strongly encourages use of FDA-recognized consensus standard structured data format to communicate IVD descriptive coding.
  - Distribution of LOINC coding by manufacturers that suggests an unapproved/uncleared Indication for Use (i.e., off-label use) could result in the device being considered adulterated and/or misbranded.
  - Laboratories and/or other users must fulfill their obligations, including (but not limited to) any statutes, regulations, and validation procedures that must be complied with when making the results from the off-label uses available to those requesting the test.

# 3. A 3<sup>rd</sup> party resource for codes (and coding) could aid in harmonization efforts (*e.g., Regenstrief*)

# **Building Valuable Infrastructure**



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FDA

# LIVD on FHIR Implementation Guide



- Express the <u>LIVD Digital Format Publication of LOINC to</u> <u>Vendor IVD Test Results</u> whitepaper in FHIR
- From more general JSON expressions to FHIR resources
  - Propose changes to core resources
  - Create profiles to constrain resources to LIVD requirements
  - Work with the Catalog project
- Future proofing
  - Opportunities to use for service-based APIs.
  - Consistency with other Lab focused FHIR based capabilities.

#### **LIVD on FHIR Summary**





# Lab US Realm: Foundations\*



- Holistic approach to defining requirements during development
- Provides minimum end-to-end interoperability "out of the box"
- Extensible Profile and Component messaging architecture
  - Builds on existing HL7 V2 capabilities, defines explicit use cases and their unique requirements
  - Messages can support multiple (non-conflicting) use cases with no ambiguity for receiving systems interested in only one aspect
  - Allows for incremental interoperability based on need vs. "all systems shall" approach to specifications
- CLIA requirements "baked in" across scope of transactions at core level
  - Orders requirements defined and mapped
  - Results requirements defined and mapped

## **Clinical IVD Value Set Meeting**







#### **Clinical IVD Value Set Harmonization Meeting**

#### Meeting Date and Time

January 22, 2017 8:00am – 5:00 pm EDT

#### Meeting Location

FDA White Oak Campus Building 32, Room 1305

10903 New Hampshire Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20993 January 23, 2017 8:00am – 12:00 pm EDT

Contacts: Carolyn Hiller, *MDIC Clinical Dx Program Manager* Office: 952-314-4327

Michael Waters, *SHIELD Team Lead* Office: 301-796-4653

**GOAL:** Collaborate to improve laboratory data interoperability to advance patient care. This effort should expedite health care research and practice (e.g., outbreak surveillance; real-world evidence (RWE) generation; decision support etc.) through additional unification of *in vitro* diagnostic (IVD) data. The meeting will address practical limitations of IVD semantic interoperability implementation, with a focus on recommendations for adoption of ordinal value sets (answer lists) for qualitative and semi-quantitative tests and discrete units for quantitative test values. The overarching goal is to improve electronic health record (EHR) interoperability to help protect and preserve public health.

# Summary



#### **RWE Opportunity:**

• There is a wealth of data siloed in data repositories (e.g., electronic health records - EHRs) that *may* be valuable in regulatory decisions.

#### Problems:

- Lack of interoperable infrastructure in data repositories is repeatedly cited as a significant impediment to accessing and using RWE.
- Insufficient resources exist to develop infrastructure.

#### Solutions:

- Improve interoperability by developing infrastructure that will enable RWE access.
- Development by a multi-stakeholder consensus forum, leveraging existing infrastructure.
- Focus efforts on building valuable infrastructure identified by stakeholders.

# **Conclusions/Requests**



- Pragmatic adoption and implementation of semantic interoperability standards for IVDs is essential for enabling the development of 21<sup>st</sup> century healthcare solutions.
- SHIELD implementation can unlock meaningful RWE siloed in data repositories which may be leveraged in regulatory decisions.
- FDA is engaging in multi-agency/stakeholder efforts to assist in the adoption of semantic interoperability standards and structured data formats.
- Collaboration and support is critical to realizing the benefits of these efforts.

**Questions/Comments?** 

Contact: Michael.Waters@FDA.hhs.gov



